

Objectives:

- Students will memorize the multiplication table, as evidenced by them passing “minute quizzes.”
- Students will compare fractions by finding the least common denominator, as evidenced by them completing a homework assignment where they do so.
- Students will add and subtract fractions with common denominators, as evidenced by them completing a homework assignment where they do so.
- Students will add and subtract fractions with differing denominators, as evidenced by them completing a homework assignment where they do so.

Student Materials on Desk Corner:

- Homework #2-9
- Homework Checker
- Readiness Checker

Student Materials for Class:

- Homework Log
- Binder Paper
- Pencils

Teacher Materials:

- “Warm-up 2-10” for each student
- “Minute Quiz 2-10” for each student
- “Homework #2-9” answer key and grading roster for TA
- “Homework #2-10” handout for each student

Homework:

- Homework #2-10

Time	Activity
Before Bell	<p style="text-align: center;">DO NOW</p> <p>As students enter the classroom, shake hands and give them a copy of the warm-up. Remind students that there is a minute quiz, so students need to be seated quietly with a pencil when the bell rings.</p>
5 min	<p style="text-align: center;">MINUTE QUIZ, HOMEWORK COLLECTION, AND WARM-UP</p> <p>Minute Quiz When the bell rings, quickly go around and put the minute quiz on each student’s desk, facedown. Then, start everyone on the quiz at the same time and give everyone one minute. While students are working on the quiz, stamp the readiness checkers of students who were ready when the bell rang and had their readiness checkers out.</p> <p>Homework Collection Instruct the TA go around and collect homework and stamp homework checkers. Give the TA the answer key and have him or her grade the homework that was collected.</p> <p>Warm-up After the minute quiz, students should work on the warm-up while you take attendance.</p>
35 min	<p style="text-align: center;">LESSON: SIMPLIFYING FRACTIONS</p> <p>Notes Follow the handwritten Cornell Notes.</p> <p>Homework Pass out the “Homework #2-10” handout and have students write down the assignment on their homework logs.</p>
40 min	<p style="text-align: center;">ALEKS</p> <p>Students should continue with ALEKS. Use this student work time to return graded homework.</p>

Solve the following multiplication problems. You have exactly one minute!

$1 \cdot 11 =$

$7 \cdot 10 =$

$8 \cdot 2 =$

$11 \cdot 12 =$

$10 \cdot 6 =$

$10 \cdot 11 =$

$10 \cdot 6 =$

$2 \cdot 1 =$

$1 \cdot 9 =$

$3 \cdot 4 =$

$1 \cdot 9 =$

$4 \cdot 8 =$

Solve the following multiplication problems. You have exactly one minute!

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$8 \cdot 2 =$

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$1 \cdot 9 =$

$3 \cdot 4 =$

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$4 \cdot 8 =$

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$8 \cdot 2 =$

$11 \cdot 12 =$

$10 \cdot 6 =$

$10 \cdot 11 =$

$10 \cdot 6 =$

$2 \cdot 1 =$

$1 \cdot 9 =$

$3 \cdot 4 =$

$1 \cdot 9 =$

$4 \cdot 8 =$

Solve the following multiplication problems. You have exactly one minute!

$1 \cdot 1 =$

$1 \cdot 7 =$

$4 \cdot 8 =$

$2 \cdot 5 =$

$12 \cdot 7 =$

$11 \cdot 4 =$

$6 \cdot 12 =$

$5 \cdot 3 =$

$3 \cdot 3 =$

$7 \cdot 8 =$

$6 \cdot 6 =$

$11 \cdot 5 =$

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$1 \cdot 7 =$

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$12 \cdot 7 =$

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$11 \cdot 4 =$

$6 \cdot 12 =$

$5 \cdot 3 =$

$3 \cdot 3 =$

$7 \cdot 8 =$

$6 \cdot 6 =$

$11 \cdot 5 =$

Solve the following multiplication problems. You have exactly one minute!

$8 \cdot 8 =$

$8 \cdot 5 =$

$8 \cdot 11 =$

$6 \cdot 10 =$

$12 \cdot 7 =$

$1 \cdot 8 =$

$1 \cdot 8 =$

$8 \cdot 12 =$

$11 \cdot 7 =$

$5 \cdot 2 =$

$10 \cdot 7 =$

$3 \cdot 9 =$

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$8 \cdot 8 =$

$8 \cdot 5 =$

$8 \cdot 11 =$

$6 \cdot 10 =$

$12 \cdot 7 =$

$1 \cdot 8 =$

$1 \cdot 8 =$

$8 \cdot 12 =$

$11 \cdot 7 =$

$5 \cdot 2 =$

$10 \cdot 7 =$

$3 \cdot 9 =$

Solve the following multiplication problems. You have exactly one minute!

$8 \cdot 8 =$

$8 \cdot 5 =$

$8 \cdot 11 =$

$6 \cdot 10 =$

$12 \cdot 7 =$

$1 \cdot 8 =$

$1 \cdot 8 =$

$8 \cdot 12 =$

$11 \cdot 7 =$

$5 \cdot 2 =$

$10 \cdot 7 =$

$3 \cdot 9 =$

Determine if the first fraction is less than (<), equal to (=), or greater than (>) the second fraction. Do this by finding the least common multiple of the denominators and then finding equivalent fractions and comparing them.

1) $\frac{10}{12}$ and $\frac{7}{9}$

2) $\frac{2}{5}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$

3) $\frac{2}{10}$ and $\frac{1}{4}$

4) $\frac{1}{3}$ and $\frac{4}{12}$

Determine if the first fraction is less than (<), equal to (=), or greater than (>) the second fraction. Do this by finding the least common multiple of the denominators and then finding equivalent fractions and comparing them.

1) $\frac{10}{12}$ and $\frac{7}{9}$

2) $\frac{2}{5}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$

3) $\frac{2}{10}$ and $\frac{1}{4}$

4) $\frac{1}{3}$ and $\frac{4}{12}$

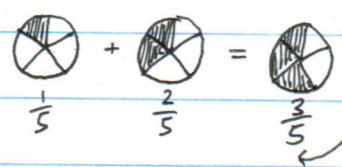
Adding and Subtracting Fractions

Section → Adding and Subtracting Fractions with Common Denominators

Recall fractions with common denominators have bottom numbers that are the same. So, their slices are the same size.

To add and subtract them, just add and subtract their numerators (add and subtract how many slices we have). Then, simplify.

Ex: Evaluate $\frac{1}{5} + \frac{2}{5}$.



Now, simplify.

$$\frac{3}{5} = \frac{3}{5}$$

So, $\frac{1}{5} + \frac{2}{5} = \boxed{\frac{3}{5}}$

Ex: Evaluate $\frac{7}{9} - \frac{1}{9}$.

$$\frac{7}{9} - \frac{1}{9} = \frac{7-1}{9} = \frac{6}{9}$$

Now, simplify.

$$\frac{6}{9} = \frac{2 \cdot 3}{3 \cdot 3} = \frac{2}{3}$$

So, $\frac{7}{9} - \frac{1}{9} = \boxed{\frac{2}{3}}$

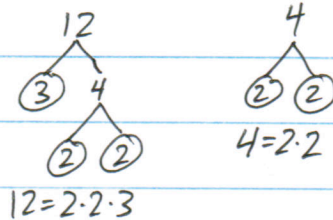
Section → Adding and Subtracting Fractions with Differing Denominators

Recall fractions with differing denominators have bottom numbers that are not the same. So, their slices are not the same size.

To add and subtract them, we find equivalent fractions with common denominators and then add and subtract them. Then, simplify.

Ex: Evaluate $\frac{5}{12} + \frac{1}{4}$.

First, find the lcm(12, 4).



$$\text{lcm}(12, 4) = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 = 4 \cdot 3 = 12$$

Then, find equivalent fractions and add.

$$\frac{5}{12} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{5}{12} + \frac{1 \cdot 3}{4 \cdot 3} = \frac{5}{12} + \frac{3}{12} = \frac{8}{12}$$

Now, simplify the result.

8
2 4
2 2

12
3 4
2 2

$$\frac{8}{12} = \frac{2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2}{2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3} = \frac{2}{3}$$

Ex: Evaluate $\frac{5}{6} - \frac{1}{2}$.

First, find the lcm(6, 2).



$$\text{lcm}(6, 2) = 2 \cdot 3 = 6$$

Then, find equivalent fractions and subtract.

$$\frac{5}{6}$$
$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1 \cdot 3}{2 \cdot 3} = \frac{3}{6} \quad \swarrow \quad \frac{5}{6} - \frac{3}{6} = \frac{2}{6}$$

Now, simplify the result.

$$\textcircled{2}$$
$$2=2$$
$$\begin{array}{c} 6 \\ \swarrow \quad \searrow \\ \textcircled{2} \quad \textcircled{3} \\ 6=2 \cdot 3 \end{array}$$

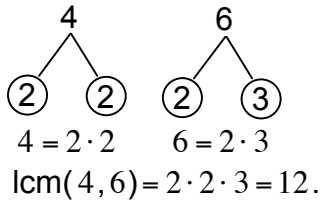
$$\frac{2}{6} = \frac{2}{2 \cdot 3} = \boxed{\frac{1}{3}}$$

Add the following fractions. You may first have to find equivalent fractions with common denominators. Be sure to simplify your answer.

Ex.) $\frac{1}{4} + \frac{5}{6}$

1) $\frac{3}{8} + \frac{1}{2}$

First, find $\text{lcm}(4,6)$, which is the best common denominator to use.



Then, find equivalent fractions and add.

$$\begin{array}{l} \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1 \cdot 3}{4 \cdot 3} = \frac{3}{12} \\ \frac{5}{6} = \frac{5 \cdot 2}{6 \cdot 2} = \frac{10}{12} \end{array} \quad \Rightarrow \quad \frac{3}{12} + \frac{10}{12} = \frac{13}{12}$$

Now, simplify.

$$12 \overline{)13} \Rightarrow \frac{13}{12} = 1 \frac{1}{12}$$

2) $\frac{7}{12} + \frac{5}{8}$

3) $\frac{1}{4} + \frac{2}{3}$

Subtract the following fractions. You may first have to find equivalent fractions with common denominators. Be sure to simplify your answer.

$$4) \frac{9}{6} - \frac{9}{8}$$

$$5) \frac{2}{3} - \frac{2}{9}$$

$$6) \frac{11}{24} - \frac{3}{8}$$

$$7) \frac{5}{6} - \frac{2}{5}$$